Conjugate Addition of Tris(phenylthio)methyl-lithium to αβ-Unsaturated Ketones. Synthesis of γ-Keto-esters

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Summary Conjugate addition of (1) to unhindered $\alpha\beta$ unsaturated ketones proceeds in good yield to produce γ -keto-orthothioesters.

CARBANIONS, stabilized by adjacent sulphur atoms, have been extensively used in organic synthesis.¹ Their reaction with $\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated ketones generally results in carbonyl (1,2) addition rather than conjugate (1,4) addition.² We report that tris(phenylthio)methyl-lithium (1) reacts in a conjugate fashion with unhindered $\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated ketones producing γ -keto-orthothioesters which are in turn readily hydrolysed to γ -keto-esters. Thus the anion of reagent (1) can be considered as an ester carbanion equivalent (*i.e.* ROC=O).

Triphenyl orthothioformate $(2)^3$ is rapidly deprotonated to the anion $(1)^{3-5}$ by treatment with n-butyl-lithium in tetrahydrofuran at -78 °C under nitrogen. Addition of cyclohex-2-enone (1 equiv.) to this solution followed by hydrolytic workup affords compound (3) in good yield

(Table) which is converted into the ester $(4)^6$ (95%) by Hg^{2+} catalysed methanolysis⁷ followed by acid treatment.⁸

TABLE

Reaction of $\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated ketones with (1).

Substrate		Yield (%) ^a
Cyclohex-2-enone	• •	95, 50 ^{b.c}
2-Methylcyclohex-2-enone	••	85
5,5-Dimethylcyclohexenone		65
PhCH=CHCOMe		60
PhCH=CHCOPh	••	95
PhCH=CHCOCMe ₃	• •	85
MeCH=CHCOMe	• •	65
3-Methylcyclohex-2-enone	• •	${<}5^{ t b}$
$Me_{\bullet}C = CHCOMe$		<5 ^b

^a Isolated yield of γ -keto-orthothioester unless otherwise stated. ^b Determined by n.m.r. analysis of the crude reaction product mixture. ^c Using the sodium salt (5).



Reduction of (3) with Raney nickel gives 3-methylcyclohexanone (70%).

Results of the reaction of (1) with various $\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated ketones are listed in the Table. The yields of γ -ketoorthothioesters are satisfactory except for hindered $\beta\beta$ disubstituted enones. The use of the sodium salt (5), prepared from (2) and sodium bistrimethylsilylamide,⁹ gives significantly lower yields of orthothioester. Reaction of (1) with unsaturated aldehydes gives products resulting from 1,2 addition.¹⁰

The ready availability of (2) combined with the variety of possible transformations¹¹ of the orthothioester unit make (1) and related compounds potentially useful synthetic reagents.

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² For other reports of 1,4 addition of sulphur-stabilized carbanions to αβ-unsaturated ketones see: T. Mukaiyama, K. Narasaku, and M. Furusato, J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 1972, 94, 8641; J. E. Richman, J. L. Herrmann, and R. H. Schlessinger, Tetrahedron Letters, 1973, 3271.

 ³ A. Fröling and J. F. Arens, *Rec. Trav. Chim.*, 1962, 81, 1009.
⁴ D. Seebach, *Chem. Ber.*, 1972, 105, 487.
⁵ G. A. Wildschut, H. J. T. Bos, L. Brandsma, and J. F. Arens, *Monatsh.*, 1967, 98, 1043.
⁶ D. K. Banerjee, J. Dutta, and G. Bagavant, *Proc. Indian Acad. Sci.*, 1957, 46A, 80; H. O. House, R. A. Latham, and C. D. Slater, Our Cham. 1962, 21, 9652. J. Org. Chem., 1966, **31**, 2667. ⁷ R. A. Elisson, W. D. Woessner, and C. C. Williams, J. Org. Chem., 1972, **37**, 2757.

⁸ M. Janot, X. Lusinchi, and R. Goutarel, Bull. Soc. chim. France, 1961, 2109.

⁹ U. Wannagat and H. Niederprum, Chem. Ber., 1961, 94, 1540.

¹⁰ For the reaction of (1) with saturated aliphatic and aromatic aldehydes see ref. 4.

¹¹ E.g. R. H. DeWolfe, 'Carboxylic Ortho Acid Derivatives,' Academic Press, New York, 1970, ch. 6.